Ghost Particles

Particle Counting Methods & Impact on ISO Codes Lubrication Expo - March 2024



Particle Counting Methods & Impact on ISO Codes

The Authors

<u>C(i)N R G</u> Systems Inc.

CINRG manufactures particle counting, and robotic instrumentation for the oil analysis industry.



M HF Sinclair

AN HE SINCLAIR BRAND HE SINCLAIR

HF Sinclair / Petro-Canada Lubricants

A manufacturer of world-class lubricants, specialty fluids and greases for over 30 years.



An oil analysis laboratory and service provider for 57 years. The leader in oil analysis.

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WearCheck

CINRG Systems Inc. HF Sinclair / PCL

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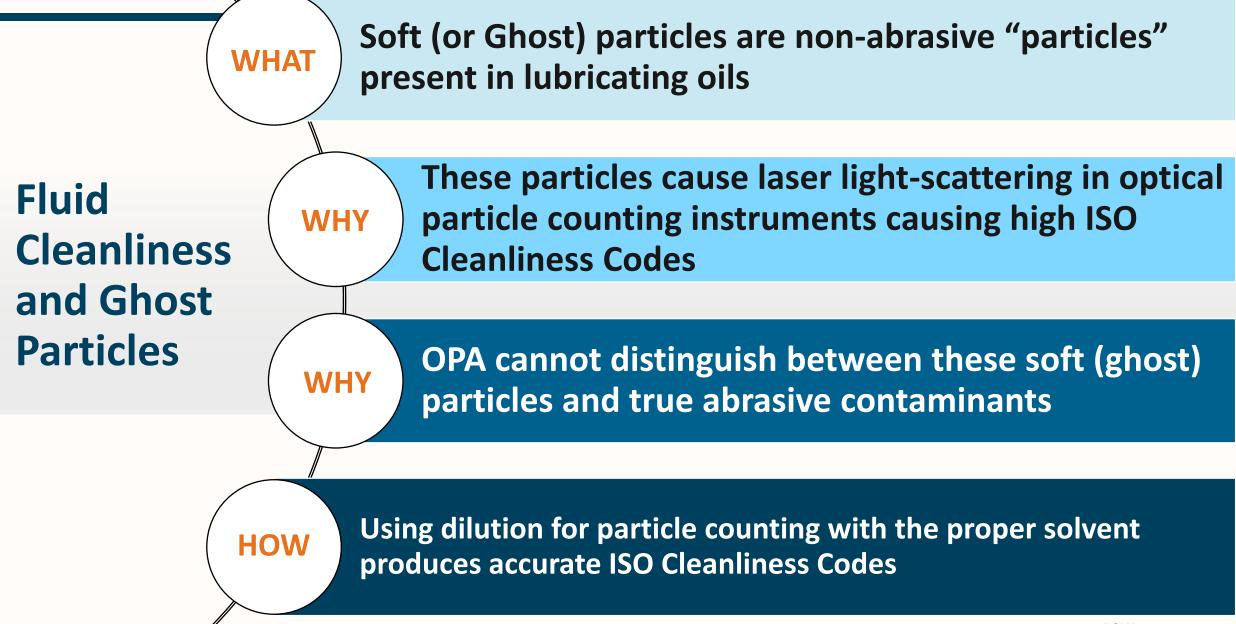


About Us

Don't just automate, innovate

CS-APC-3 Automated Auto-Diluting Particle Counter



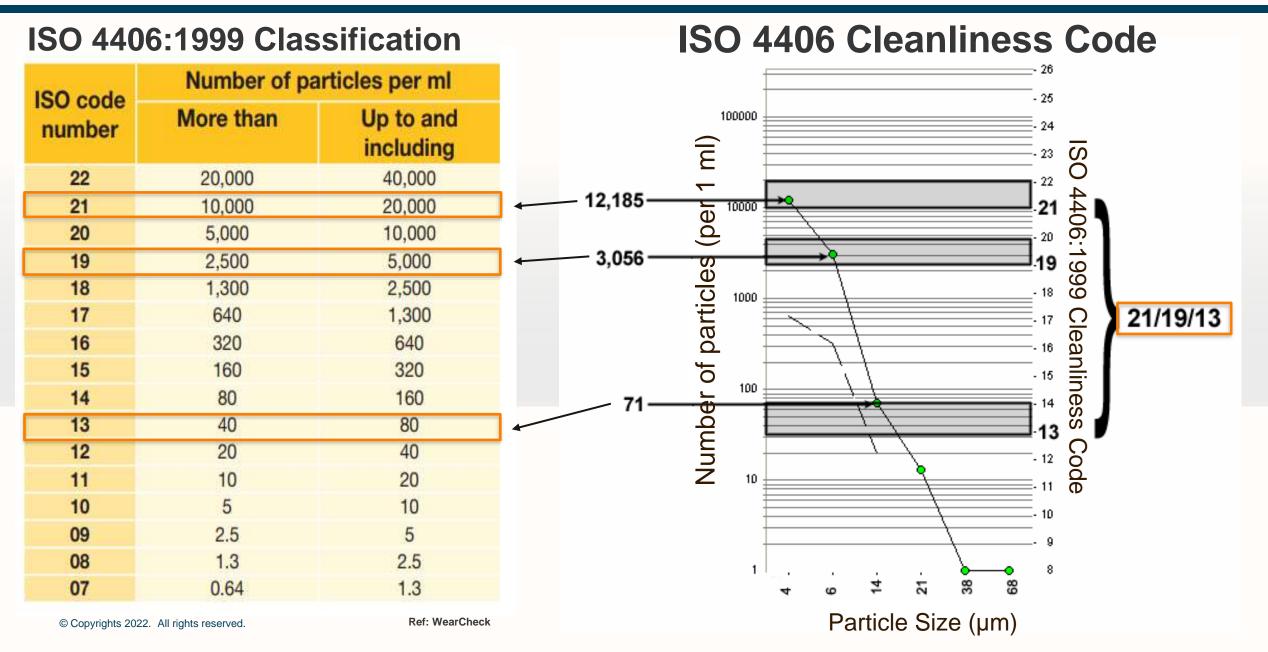




Oil Filtration - Life Extension Tables



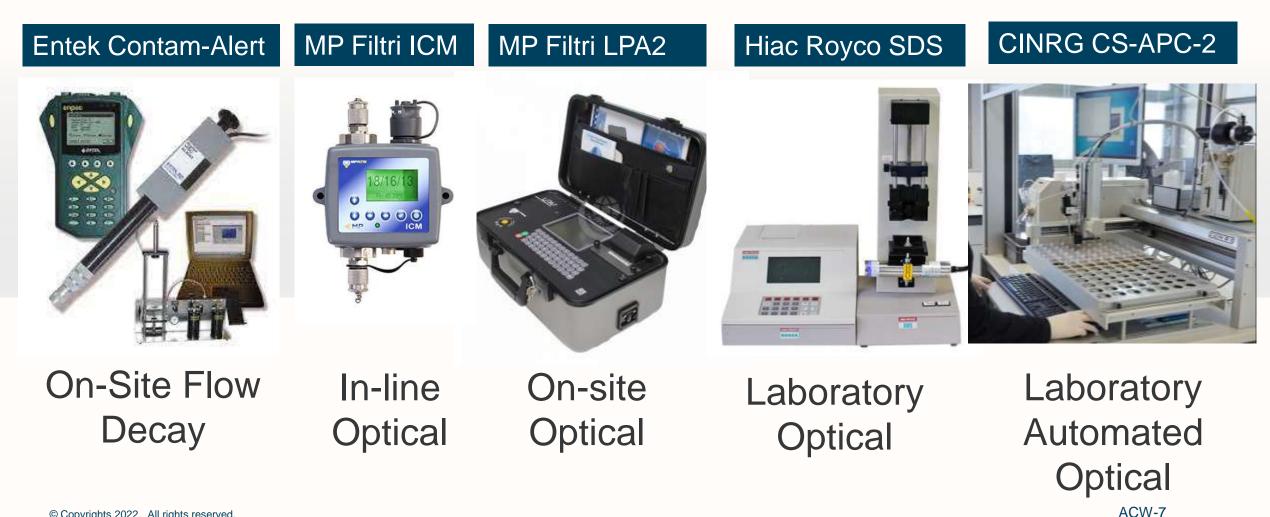
How is Oil Cleanliness Measured?



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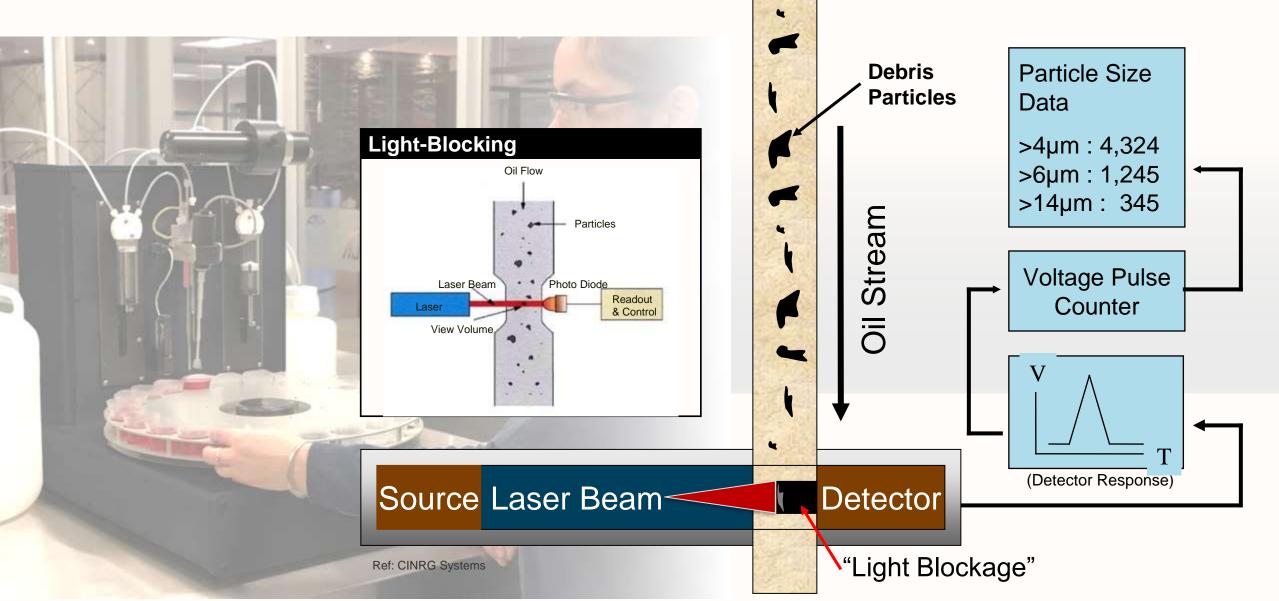


On-site / In-Line / Laboratory



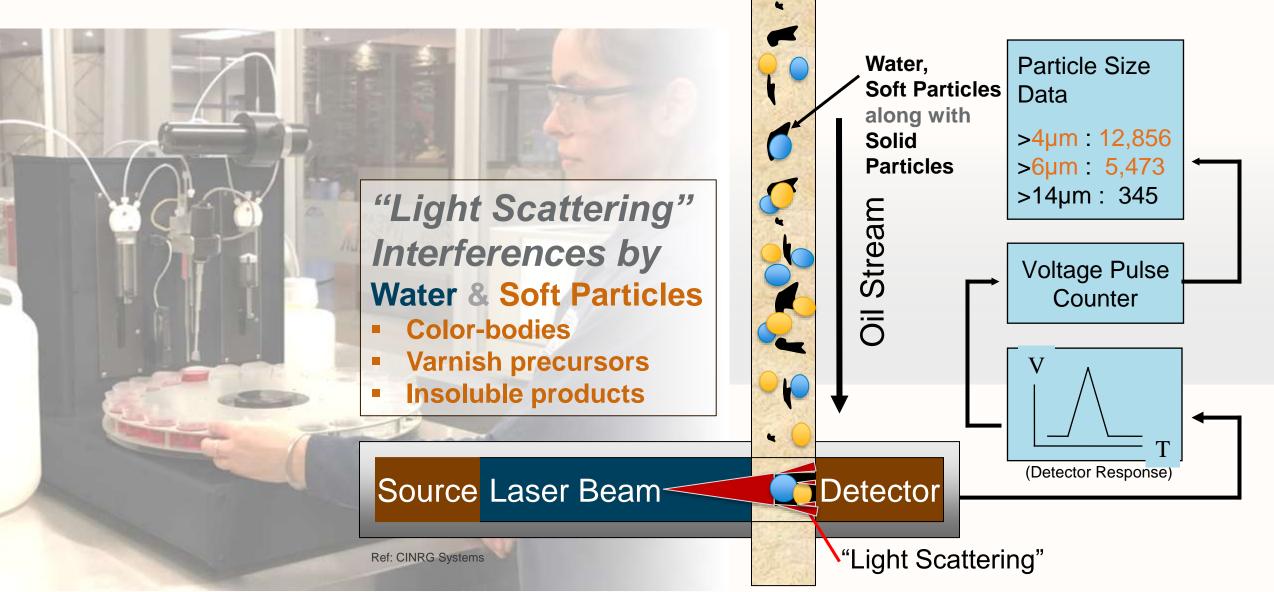


How an Optical Particle Counter Works





How an Optical Particle Counter Works





ASTM D7647-10



ASTM INTERNATIONAL

Why ASTM D7647?

Eliminates "soft particles"

Water
Additives
Varnish Precursors

This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.



Designation: D7647 – 10 (Reapproved 2018)

Standard Test Method for Automatic Particle Counting of Lubricating and Hydraulic Fluids Using Dilution Techniques to Eliminate the Contribution of Water and Interfering Soft Particles by Light Extinction¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D7647; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1.1 ⁻ oncen	Diluent	Is this a water-masking diluent?
1.2 1 00 μm	Stoddard solvent, also called Type 1 mineral spirits or white spirits	no
toma Note	kerosene	no
the d	lamp oil*	no
rticles Note	25 % 2-isopropanol / 75 % toluene	yes
librate plies t	dipropylene glycol n-propyl ether*	yes



Solvents Investigated

- Toluene/IPA 75/25%
- Ethylene Glycol Butyl Ether (EGBE) Dowanol (DPnP)

Kerosene

Varsol (Stoddard Solvent). Kerosene / DPnP 67/33%

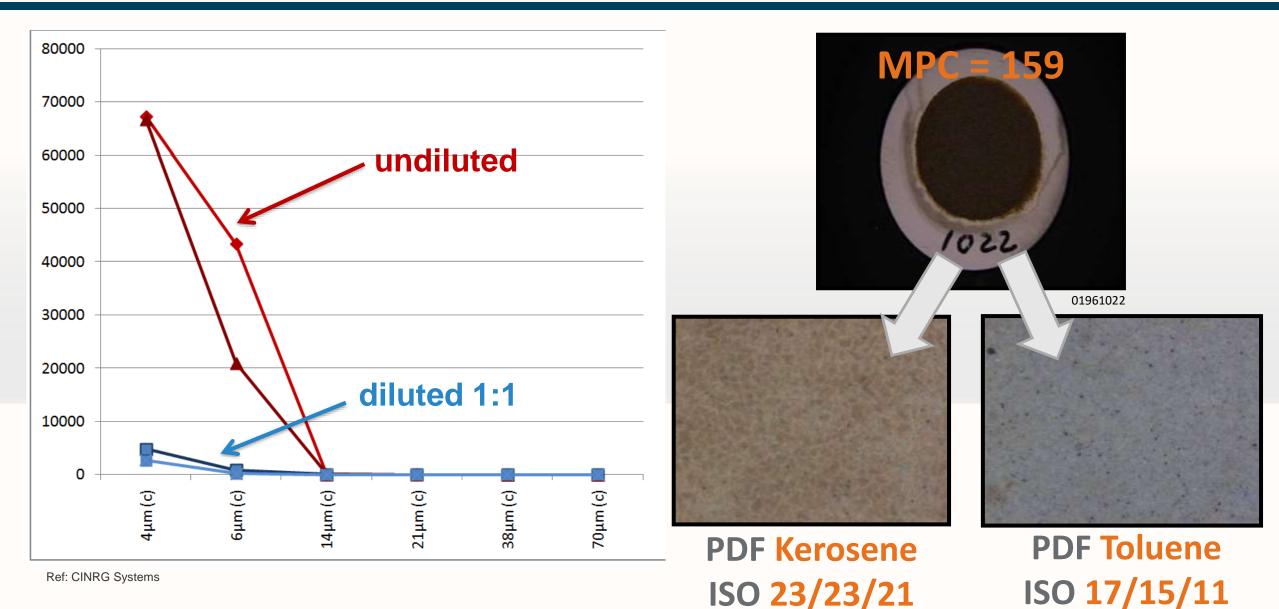






Insolubles & Particle Counts

ACW-12



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Soft Particle Effects (Varnish Precursors) NRG (Used) Mobil DTE 846 Solvent **ISO Code Avg** 23/23/19 Undiluted Insolubles -> 23/23/19 -> 13/12/10 14/12/9 **Butyl Glycol** MPC ($\triangle E$) = 60 75 Toluene 25 IPA 14/13/10 14/13/11 **Dowanol(DPnB) Kerosene** 24/24/18 MOBIL DTE 846 24/24/19 Varsol 15/13/10 90 Toluene 10 IPA Ref: WearCheck (02530825) 17/16/13 67 Kerosene 33 DPnB

C(I)NRG Results Disparity even with low levels of Insoluble

Petro Canada TurboFlo R&O 46

Castrol Perfecto XPG 32

Dilution Solvent	ISO CODE	Dilution Solvent	ISO CODE
Undiluted	18/15/11	Undiluted	20/18/14
Diluted 1:1 Toluene/IPA	18/15/11	Diluted 1:1 Toluene/IPA	15/14/10
Diluted 1:1 Varsol	18/15/11	Diluted 1:1 Varsol	20/18/14
Diluted 1:1 EGBE	18/15/12	Diluted 1:1 EGBE	16/14/10
Diluted 1:1 Kerosene	18/15/11	Diluted 1:1 Kerosene.	20/18/14





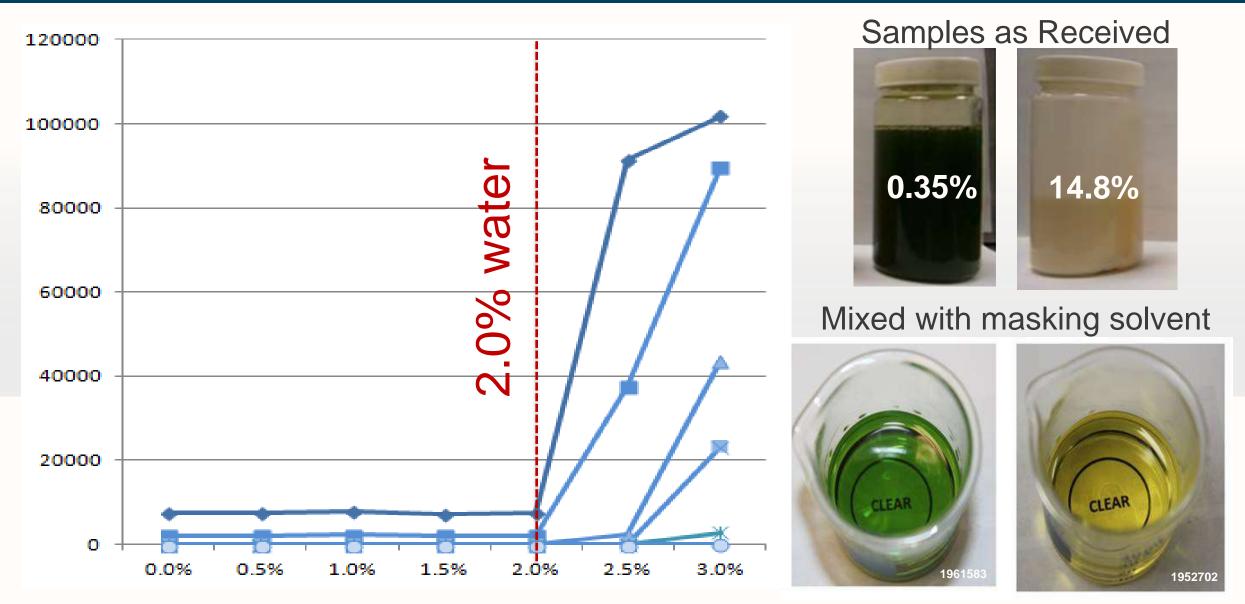
02521133

Ref: CINRG Systems

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Water Contamination & Particle Counts



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Ref: CINRG Systems

ACW-15

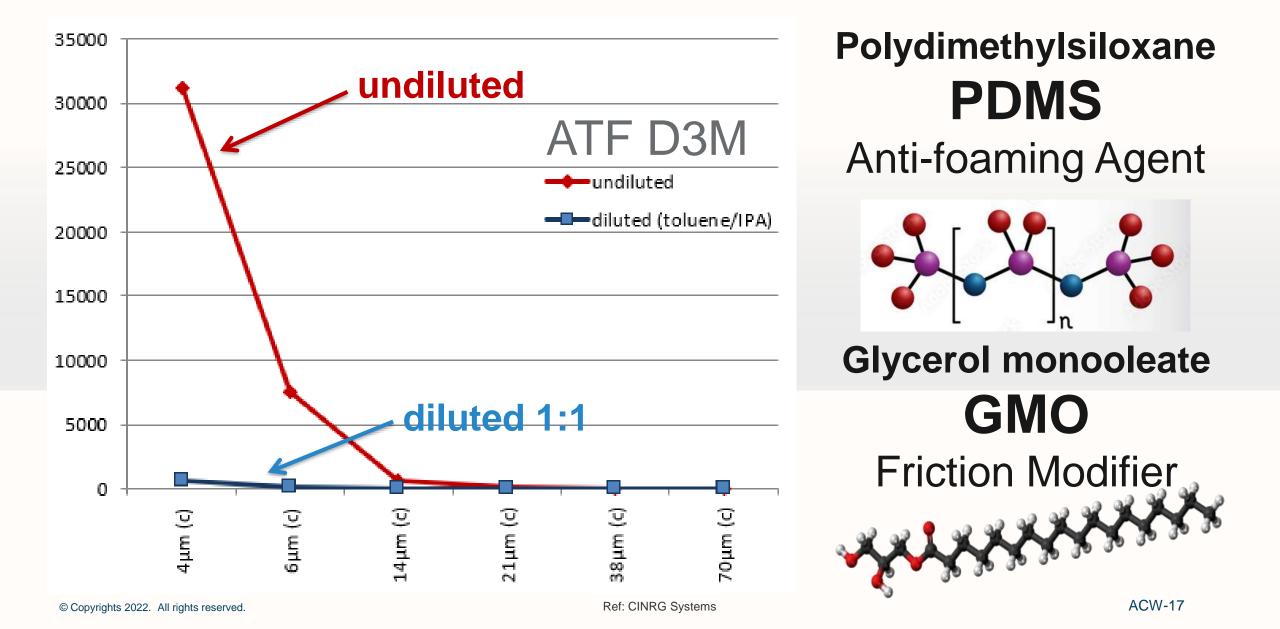
<u>c(i)n r g</u>

Soft Particle Effects (Water)

(Spiked) Medium Test Dust (MTD)	Solvent	ISO Code Avg
Water -> 25/25/25 -> 20/19/16	Undiluted	22/22/22
	Butyl Glycol	21/20/16
$H_2O = 1\%$	75 Toluene 25 IPA	21/19/16
	Dowanol(DPnB)	21/19/16
CONRE Which have, Cachier for dealers from the Constances Hill annual Weight Have and the	Kerosene	25/25/25
A second design of the second	Varsol	25/24/24
	90 Toluene 10 IPA	20/19/16
	67 Kerosene 33 DPnB	22/21/21

Ref: CINRG Systems





CONRE Soft Particle Effects (Anti-Foam Additive)

(New) Petro-Canada ATF D3M Solvent Additives -> 22/20/16 -> 16/14/11 Undiluted **Butyl Glycol** Polydimethylsiloxane 75 Toluene 25 IPA **PDMS Dowanol(DPnB)** ETROCANAL Kerosene Varsol 90 Toluene 10 IPA 67 Kerosene 33 DPnB

ISO Code Avg

22/20/16

20/17/14

16/14/10

19/17/14

17/15/11

17/15/12

16/14/11

17/15/12

Filtration Effects on Oil Additives

Sample Description	ATF A production batch	ATF A production batch after 3µm filtration*	ATF A production batch after 1µm filtration*
ISO Cleanliness Code	22/21/17	19/17/10	18/17/12
Silicon, ppm	6.7	4.4	2.0
Boron, ppm	86	82	81
Calcium, ppm	64	56	57
Phosphorus, ppm	203	194	193
Sulfur, ppm	1282	1246	1240

* Membrane filters were use in this evaluation – single pass

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NOTE: Filtration was performed using a laboratory filtration system

Ref: HF Sinclair / Petro-Canada Lubricants ACW-20



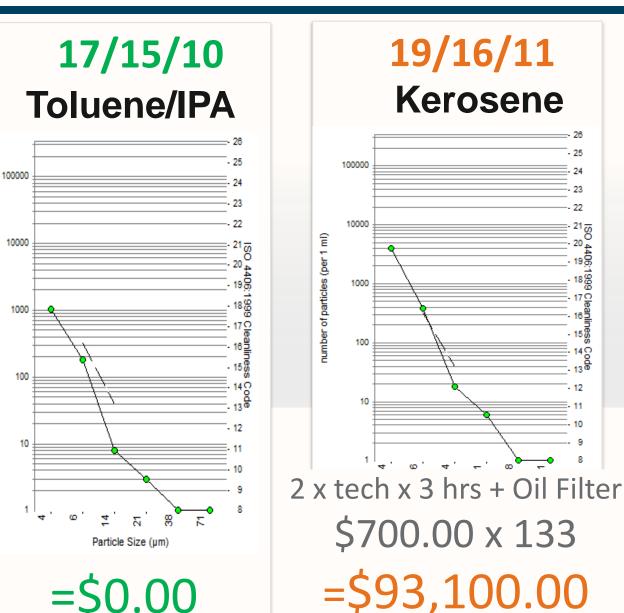
What is the Issue with High Particle Counts?



- Results are different because they are based on **ISO** Particle Count using different solvents
- Kerosene vs. Toluene / IPA

1- Alistair Geach, William A. Quesnel; Particle Counting of Heavily Contaminated Oil Samples – OilDoc Conference, Rosenheim Germany, January 2015

number of particles (per 1 ml)



Ref: G. Tapp – GE Wind

23

17 O

· 16 · 15 S

Conclusions & Recommendations

Questions?

- Water & "Soft" Particles increase the apparent ISO Cleanliness Code (soft particles include insoluble oxidation by-products and some oil additives)
- The dilution method for particle counting (ASTM D7647) mitigates or eliminates the effect of water and "soft" particles
- Not all solvents used for dilution have the same masking effect. 75% Toluene / 25% Isopropanol (IPA) is the most effective solvent mix for water and "soft" particles
- Ultra-fine filtration can lead to the removal of some oil additives (notably anti-foaming agents and detergency additives)
- Before taking action based on your oil samples ISO Cleanliness results, ensure that your laboratory is using the appropriate particle counting method